

Pedestrian and Bicycle Funding Opportunities

U.S. Department of Transportation Transit, Highway, and Safety Funds

Revised August 9, 2018

This table indicates potential eligibility for pedestrian and bicycle projects under U.S. Department of Transportation surface transportation funding programs. Additional restrictions may apply. See notes and basic program requirements below, and see program guidance for detailed requirements. Project sponsors should fully integrate nonmotorized accommodation into surface transportation projects. Section 1404 of the Fixing America's Surface Transportation (FAST) Act modified 23 U.S.C. 109 to require federally-funded projects on the National Highway System to consider access for other modes of transportation, and provides greater design flexibility to do so.

Key: \$ = Funds may be used for this activity (restrictions may apply). ~\$ = Eligible, but not competitive unless part of a larger project. \$* = See program-specific notes for restrictions.																
Activity or Project Type	Pedestrian and Bicycle Funding Opportunities U.S. Department of Transportation Transit, Highway, and Safety Funds															
	<u>BUILD</u>	<u>INFRA</u>	<u>TIFIA</u>	<u>FTA</u>	<u>ATI</u>	<u>CMAQ</u>	<u>HSIP</u>	<u>NHPP</u>	<u>STBG</u>	<u>TA</u>	<u>RTP</u>	<u>SRTS</u>	<u>PLAN</u>	<u>NHTSA</u> <u>402</u>	<u>NHTSA</u> <u>405</u>	<u>FLTP</u>
Access enhancements to public transportation (includes benches, bus pads)	\$	~\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$						\$
ADA/504 Self Evaluation / Transition Plan									\$	\$	\$		\$			\$
Bicycle plans				\$					\$	\$		\$	\$			\$
Bicycle helmets (project or training related)									\$	\$SRTS		\$		\$*		
Bicycle helmets (safety promotion)									\$	\$SRTS		\$				
Bicycle lanes on road	\$	~\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		\$				\$
Bicycle parking	~\$	~\$	~\$	\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$				\$
Bike racks on transit	\$	~\$	\$	\$	\$	\$			\$	\$						\$
Bicycle repair station (air pump, simple tools)	~\$	~\$	~\$	\$	\$	\$			\$	\$						\$
Bicycle share (capital and equipment; not operations)	\$	~\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$						\$
Bicycle storage or service centers (example: at transit hubs)	~\$	~\$	~\$	\$	\$	\$			\$	\$						\$
Bridges / overcrossings for pedestrians and/or bicyclists	\$	~\$	\$	\$	\$	\$*	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$				\$
Bus shelters and benches	\$	~\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$						\$
Coordinator positions (State or local)						\$ 1 per State			\$	\$SRTS		\$				
Crosswalks (new or retrofit)	\$	~\$	\$	\$	\$	\$*	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$				\$
Curb cuts and ramps	\$	~\$	\$	\$	\$	\$*	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$				\$
Counting equipment				\$	\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$*			\$
Data collection and monitoring for pedestrians and/or bicyclists				\$	\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$*			\$
Historic preservation (pedestrian and bicycle and transit facilities)	\$	~\$	\$	\$	\$				\$	\$						\$
Landscaping, streetscaping (pedestrian and/or bicycle route; transit access); related amenities (benches, water fountains); generally as part of a larger project	~\$	~\$	~\$	\$	\$			\$	\$	\$						\$
Lighting (pedestrian and bicyclist scale associated with pedestrian/bicyclist project)	\$	~\$	\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$				\$
Maps (for pedestrians and/or bicyclists)				\$	\$	\$			\$	\$		\$	\$*			
Paved shoulders for pedestrian and/or bicyclist use	\$	~\$	\$			\$*	\$	\$	\$	\$		\$				\$

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Pedestrian plans				\$					\$	\$		\$	\$			\$
Recreational trails	~\$	~\$	~\$						\$	\$	\$					\$
Road Diets (pedestrian and bicycle portions)	\$	~\$	\$				\$	\$	\$	\$						\$
Road Safety Assessment for pedestrians and bicyclists							\$		\$	\$			\$			\$
Safety education and awareness activities and programs to inform pedestrians, bicyclists, and motorists on ped/bike safety									\$SRTS	\$SRTS		\$	\$*	\$*	\$*	
Safety education positions									\$SRTS	\$SRTS		\$		\$*		
Safety enforcement (including police patrols)									\$SRTS	\$SRTS		\$		\$*	\$*	
Safety program technical assessment (for peds/bicyclists)									\$SRTS	\$SRTS		\$	\$*	\$		
Separated bicycle lanes	\$	~\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		\$				\$
Shared use paths / transportation trails	\$	~\$	\$	\$	\$	\$*	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$				\$
Sidewalks (new or retrofit)	\$	~\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$				\$
Signs / signals / signal improvements	\$	~\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		\$				\$
Signed pedestrian or bicycle routes	\$	~\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$		\$				\$
Spot improvement programs	\$	~\$	\$	\$			\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$				\$
Stormwater impacts related to pedestrian and bicycle projects	\$	~\$	\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$				\$
Traffic calming	\$	~\$	\$	\$			\$	\$	\$	\$		\$				\$
Trail bridges	\$	~\$	\$			\$*	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$				\$
Trail construction and maintenance equipment									\$RTP	\$RTP	\$					
Trail/highway intersections	\$	~\$	\$			\$*	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$				\$
Trailside and trailhead facilities (includes restrooms and water, but not general park amenities; see program guidance)	~\$*	~\$*	~\$*						\$*	\$*	\$*					\$
Training						\$	\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$*	\$*		
Training for law enforcement on ped/bicyclist safety laws									\$SRTS	\$SRTS		\$			\$*	
Tunnels / undercrossings for pedestrians and/or bicyclists	\$	~\$	\$	\$	\$	\$*	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$				\$

Abbreviations

ADA/504: Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 / Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973
BUILD: Better Utilizing Investments to Leverage Development Transportation Discretionary Grants
INFRA: Infrastructure for Rebuilding America Discretionary Grant Program
TIFIA: Transportation Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act (loans)
FTA: Federal Transit Administration Capital Funds
ATI: Associated Transit Improvement (1% set-aside of FTA)
CMAQ: Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement Program
HSIP: Highway Safety Improvement Program
NHPP: National Highway Performance Program
STBG: Surface Transportation Block Grant Program

TA: Transportation Alternatives Set-Aside (formerly Transportation Alternatives Program)
RTP: Recreational Trails Program
SRTS: Safe Routes to School Program / Activities
PLAN: Statewide Planning and Research (SPR) or Metropolitan Planning funds
NHTSA 402: State and Community Highway Safety Grant Program
NHTSA 405: National Priority Safety Programs (Nonmotorized safety)
FLTTP: Federal Lands and Tribal Transportation Programs (Federal Lands Access Program, Federal Lands Transportation Program, Tribal Transportation Program, Nationally Significant Federal Lands and Tribal Projects)

Program-specific notes: Federal-aid funding programs have specific requirements that projects must meet, and eligibility must be determined on a case-by-case basis.

- BUILD: Subject to annual appropriations. See <https://www.transportation.gov/BUILDgrants> for details.
- INFRA: See <https://www.transportation.gov/buildamerica/infragrants> for details. Focus on projects that generate national or regional economic, mobility, and safety benefits.
- TIFIA: Program offers assistance only in the form of secured loans, loan guarantees, or standby lines of credit, but can be combined with other grant sources, subject to total Federal assistance limitations.
- FTA/ATI: Project funded with FTA transit funds must provide access to transit. See [Bicycles and Transit](#) and the FTA Final Policy Statement on the [Eligibility of Pedestrian and Bicycle Improvements under Federal Transit Law](#).
 - Bicycle infrastructure plans and projects funded with FTA funds must be within a 3 mile radius of a transit stop or station, or if further than 3 miles, must be within the distance that people could be expected to safely and conveniently bike to use the particular stop or station.
 - Pedestrian infrastructure plans and projects funded with FTA funds must be within a ½ mile radius of a transit stop or station, or if further than ½ mile, must be within the distance that people could be expected to safely and conveniently walk to use the particular stop or station.
 - FTA funds cannot be used to purchase bicycles for bike share systems.
 - FTA encourages grantees to use FHWA funds as a primary source for public right-of-way projects.
- CMAQ projects must demonstrate emissions reduction and benefit air quality. See the CMAQ guidance at www.fhwa.dot.gov/environment/air_quality/cmaq/ for a list of projects that may be eligible for CMAQ funds. Several activities may be eligible for CMAQ funds as part of a bicycle and pedestrian-related project, but not as a highway project. CMAQ funds may be used for shared use paths, but may not be used for trails that are primarily for recreational use.
- HSIP projects must be consistent with a State's [Strategic Highway Safety Plan](#) and (1) correct or improve a hazardous road location or feature, or (2) address a highway safety problem.
- NHPP projects must benefit National Highway System (NHS) corridors.
- STBG and TA Set-Aside: Activities marked "\$SRTS" means eligible only as an SRTS project benefiting schools for kindergarten through 8th grade. Bicycle transportation nonconstruction projects related to safe bicycle use are eligible under STBG, but not under TA (23 U.S.C. 217(a)).
- RTP must benefit recreational trails, but for any recreational trail use. RTP projects are eligible under TA and STBG, but States may require a transportation purpose.
- SRTS: FY 2012 was the last year for SRTS funds, but SRTS funds are available until expended.
- Planning funds must be used for planning purposes, for example:
 - Maps: System maps and GIS;
 - Safety education and awareness: for transportation safety planning;
 - Safety program technical assessment: for transportation safety planning;
 - Training: bicycle and pedestrian system planning training.
- Federal Lands and Tribal Transportation Programs (FLTTP) projects must provide access to or within Federal or tribal lands:
 - Federal Lands Access Program (FLAP): Open to State and local entities for projects that provide access to or within Federal or tribal lands.
 - Federal Lands Transportation Program: For Federal agencies for projects that provide access within Federal lands.
 - Tribal Transportation Program: available for federally-recognized tribal governments for projects within tribal boundaries and public roads that access tribal lands.
- NHTSA 402 project activity must be included in the State's Highway Safety Plan. Contact the State Highway Safety Office for details: <http://www.ghsa.org/html/about/shsos.html>
- NHTSA 405 funds are subject to State eligibility, application, and award. Project activity must be included in the State's Highway Safety Plan. Contact the State Highway Safety Office for details: <http://www.ghsa.org/html/about/shsos.html>

Cross-cutting notes

- FHWA Bicycle and Pedestrian Guidance: http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/environment/bicycle_pedestrian/
- **Applicability of 23 U.S.C. 217(i) for Bicycle Projects:** 23 U.S.C. 217(i) requires that bicycle facilities "be principally for transportation, rather than recreation, purposes". However, sections 133(b)(6) and 133(h) list "recreational trails projects" as eligible activities under STBG. Therefore, the requirement in 23 U.S.C. 217(i) does not apply to recreational trails projects (including for bicycle use) using STBG funds. Section 217(i) continues to apply to bicycle facilities other than trail-related projects, and section 217(i) continues to apply to bicycle facilities using other Federal-aid Highway Program funds (NHPP, HSIP, CMAQ). The transportation requirement under section 217(i) is applicable only to bicycle projects; it does not apply to any other trail use or transportation mode.
- There may be occasional DOT or agency incentive grants for specific research or technical assistance purposes.
- Aspects of DOT initiatives may be eligible as individual projects. Activities above may benefit safe, comfortable, multimodal networks; environmental justice; and equity.